

Government of West Bengal

Legislative Department

West Bengal Act XII of 1972

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972

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THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1972.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the President was first published in the Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 4th May, 1972.

[4th May, 1972.]

West Beu. Act X of

An Act to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as

West Dengal Land 1. (1) This Act may be called the Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

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- (2) Sections 14, 15, section 16 except sub-clause (c) of clause (i) and clauses (ii) and (iii), sections 17, 18, sub-section (1) of section 19 and section 20 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 13th day of July, 1970; sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, clause (ii) of section 7, sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, subsection (2) of section 19, sections 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 12th day of February, 1971; and the remaining provisions shall be deemed to have come into force on the 15th day of February, 1971.
 - In section 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),-

- (i) in clause (2), after the words "to that person following shall be inserted, namely:-
 - ", and includes a person who under the system generally known as kisani cultivates the land of another person on condition of receiving a share of the produce of such land from that person";
 - (ii) in clause (7), after the words "includes homesteads", the words "but does not include tank" shall be added;
- (iii) in sub-clause (c) of clause (8), after the words "In kind", the brackets and words "(not being as a share of the produce)" shall be inserted;
- (iv) in clause (10), for the words "a person who holds" the words "a person or an institution holding" shall be substituted

(Sections' 8-10.)

transfer every such application shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.".

In section 9 of the said Act,

- (i) for the words "Revenue Officer"; wherever they occur, section 9; the word "Munsif" shall be substituted;
 - (ii) in sub-section (6), for the word "Munsif", wherever it occurs, the words "District Judge" shall be substituted;
 - (iii) after sub-section (6), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - (7) Every appeal pending before an Additional District Magistrate at the commencement of section 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972, shall, on such commencement, stand transferred to, and be disposed of by, the District Judge having jurisdiction in relation to the area in which the land is situated and on such transfer, every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972."

9. In section 10 of the said Act, in clause (a), after the Appendix word "Munsif", the words, figures and brackets "or, after the mont of commencement of section 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms action (Amendment) Act 1971 by the Additional District Magis (Amendment) Act, 1971, by the Additional District Magistrate, or, after the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972, by the District Judge, shall be inserted.

10. In section 14C of the said Act,

(i) in sub-section (1)

- (a) in clause (a), for the words "to the same Schoduled Tribe to which the transferor belongs", the words "to a Scheduled Tribe" shall be substi-tuted
- (b) after clause (c) the following clause shall be inserted namely:
 - (cc) by simple mortgage or mortgage by deposit of title deeds in favour of a scheduled bank, a co-operative land mortgage bank or a corpora-tion, owned or controlled by the Central or State Government, or by both, for the development of land or improvement of agricultural

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

West Bon. Age

(Sections 11, 12.)

- (c) for clause (e), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:
 - "(e) by sale or exchange in favour of any person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe;
 - Provided that any such raiyat may, with the previous permission, in writing, of the Revenue Officer transfer by sale his holding or any part thereof to a person not belonging to any Scheduled Tribe:
 - Provided further that no such permission shall be granted by the Revenue Officer unless he is satisfied that no purchaser belonging to a Scheduled Tribe is willing to pay the fair market price of the holding or any part thereof and that the proposed sale is intended to be made for one or more of the following purposessing.
 - (a) for the improvement of any other part of the holding, or
 - (b) for investment, or
 - (c) for such other purposes as may be prescribed.
- (ii) sub-section (2) shall be omitted.
- 11. In section 14B of the said Act, in sub-section (1)
 - (i) after the words, figures and letter "provisions of section 14C,", the words "or if the permission for the transfer is found, after an inquity in the presented manner, to have been obtained by must representation or fraud" shall be inserted;
 - (ii) the words, brackets and letter for clause (c) wherever they occur, shall be omitted;
 - (iii) after the words "by an order in writing,", the words "annul the transfer, where necessary, and " shall be inserted.
- 12. In section 14H of the said Act,
 - (i) for the words "to the Collector of the district", the words "to the Munsif having jurisdiction" shall be substituted;
 - substituted;
 (ii) for the figures and letter "14C", the figures letters, and words "14C or section 14E" shall be substituted;
- (iii) in the first proviso, for the words "Collector on appeal shall lie to the Commissioner", the words "Munsil on appeal shall lie to the District Judge" shall be substituted.

Amend of ment of the tipe of tipe

Amendment of section 14H. XII of 1972.

(Section 13.)

13. After Chapter IIA of the said Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely:

Insertion of new Chapter

CHAPTER II-B.

Ceiling on Holdings

14]. The provisions of this Chapter shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Act of in any other law for the time being in force.

Provisions of Chapter II-B to overcide other provisions of law.

14K. In this Chapter,

(a) "ceiling area" means the extent of land which a raiyat shall be entitled to own

(b) "charitable purpose" includes relief of the poor, medical relief or the advancement of education or of any other object of general public utility;

(c) "family", in relation to a raiyat, shall be deemed to consist of

(i) himself and his wife, minor sons, unmarried daughters, if any,

(ii) his unmarried adult son, if any, who does not hold any land as a raiyat,

(iii) his married adult son, if any, where neither such adult son nor the wife nor any minor son of unmarried daughter of such adult son holds any land as a raivat.

land as a raiyat,

(iv) widow of his predeceased son, if any, where neither such widow nor any! minor son or unmarried daughter iof such widow holds any land as a raiyat,

(v) minor son or unmarried daughter, if any, of his predeceased son, where the widow of such predeceased son is dead and any minor son or unmarried daughter of such predeceased son does not hold any land as a raiyar.

but shall not include any other person.

Explanation I.—For the purposes of this Chapter, an adult unmarried person shall include a man or woman who has been divorced and who has not remarried thereafter:

Provided that where such divorced man or woman is the guardian of any minor son, or unmarried daughter, or both, he or she, together with such minor son or unmarried daughter, or both, shall be deemed to be a separate family.

Definitions.

Explanation II.—References in this clause to wife, so or daughter shall, in relation to a raiggt who is a women be construed as references to the thusband, son to daughter, respectively, of such woman:

- (d) "irrigated area" means an area specified as such is the State Government, by notification in the Offici Gazette, being an area which is, or is in the opinio of the State Government capable of being, irrigate at any time during the agricultural year commencia on the 1st day of Baisakh, 1377 B.S., from any State canal irrigation project or State (power driven der tubewell) irrigation project;
- (e) "orchard" means a compact area of land having fruit bearing, trees grown thereon in such number the they preclude, or when fully grown would preclude a substantial part of such land from being used any agricultural purpose;
- (f) "standard hectare" means,-
 - (i) in relation to an agricultural land, an extent of la equivalent to
 - (a) 1.00 hectare, in an irrigated area,
 - (b) 1.40 hectare in any other area;
 - (ii) in relation to any land comprised in an orchard, extent of land equivalent to 1.40 hectare,

No raival to hold hand in excess of the oriling 14L. On and from the commencement of the provision of this Chapter, no raiyat shall be entitled to own, in aggregate, any land in excess of the ceiling area applicate to him under section 14M.

Coiling

14M. (1) The ceiling area shall be

- (a) In the case of a raigat, who is an adult unmare person, 2.50 standard hectares;
- (b) in the case of a raiya, who is the sole survise member of a family, 2.50 standard bectares
- (c) in the case of a raiyat having a family consisting two or more, but not more than five members, standard hectares;
- (d) in the case of a raiyat having a family consisting more than five members, 5.00 standard hectaplus 0.50 standard hectare for each member excess of five, so, however, that the aggregate of ceiling area for such raiyat shall not in any cexceed 7.00 standard hectares.

ection 13.)

- (e) in the case of 3 any other hectares.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where, in the family of a raiyat, there are more raiyats than one, the ceiling area for the raiyat, together with the ceiling area of all the other raiyats in the family shall not, in any case, exceed,
- (a) where the number of members of such family does not exceed five, 5,00 standard hectares;
- (h) where such number exceeds five, 5.00 standard hectares, plus 0.50 standard hectare for each member in excess of five, so, however, that the aggregate of the ceiling area shall not, in any case, exceed 7.00 standard hectares.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), all the lands owned individually by the members of a family or jointly by some or all the members of such family shall be deemed to be owned by the raiyats in the family.
- (4) In determining the extent of land owned by the raiyats in a family or the sole surviving members of a family or an adult unmarried person, the share of such ralyat or ralyats, or such sole surviving member, or such adult unmarried person, as the case may be, in the lands owned by a co-operative society, company, co-operative farming society, Hindu undivided family or a firm shall be taken into account.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the share of a raiyat in a family or the sole surviving member of a family or an adult unmarried person in the lands owned by a co-operative society or a joint family shall be deemed to be the extent of land which would be allotted to such raiyat or person had such lands been divided or partitioned, as the case may be.

- (5) The lands owned by a trust or endowment other than of a public nature, shall be deemed to be lands owned by the beneficiaries under the trust or endowment and each such beneficiary shall be deemed to be a raiyat under this Act to the extent of the share of his beneficial interest in the said trust or endowment.
- 14N. (1) If any question arises as to whether any land tion of is or is not within an irrigated area, such question shall irrigated be determined by the prescribed authority in such manner as may be prescribed.

12 gr. 19 6 (2) The State Government shall prescribe such authority as it may think fit for the determination of the question referred to in sub-section (1).

(Section 13.)

- 14-O. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by any determination made by the prescribed authority under section. 14N may, within thirty days from the date of such determination or within such further time as the appellate authority may, on sufficient cause being shown, allow, prefer an appeal to such authority as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf, against such determination,
- (2) On receipt of such appeal, the appellate authority may, after giving a reasonable opportunity to the appellant of being heard, confirm, modify or reverse the determination made by the prescribed authority.

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transferred sflor 7th August, 1869. 60 be tuken Into 400determin. ing the opiling

14P. In determining the ceiling area, any land which was transferred, by sale, gift or otherwise or partitioned, by a raiyat after the 7th day of August, 1969, but before the date of publication, in the Official Gazette, of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971, shall Provident be taken into account as if such land had not been transferred or partitioned, as the case may be.

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140. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2). the ceiling area for a co-operative society, company, cooperative farming society. Hindu undivided family or a firm, as the case may be, shall not exceed the sun total of the coping areas of each member of auch co-operative. society, company, co-operative farming society, Hindu undivided family or each partner of such firm:

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The first frame Provided that for the purpose of determining the ceiling area referred to in this sub-section, any land held? separately by a person, who is a member of a co-operative society; company, co-operative farming society of Hindu undivided family or a partner of a firm, shall be a firm of a firm. deducted from the ceiling area referred to in section 14M, so that the sum total of the area of land held by such person, whether as such member or partner or individually. or as a member of a family, may not, in any case execed the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M.

(2) Where a raiyat owns land comprised in orchards, whether or not in addition to other land, the ceiling area in relation to such raigat shall be increased by 2.00 standard hectares or the actual area of the land comprises in orchards, whichever is the lesser,

(Section 13.)

(3) If the State Government, after having regard to all the circumstances of the case, is satisfied that a corpora-tion or institution established exclusively for a charitable or religious purpose, or both, or a person holding any land in trust, or in pursuance of any other endowment, creating a legal obligation exclusively for a purpose which is charitable or religious, or both, requires land, as distinct from the income derived from such land, for the due performance of its obligations, it may, by notification in the Official Gazette, increase the ceiling area for such corporation or institution or person to such extent as it may think fit.

14R. The provisions of section 14M shall not apply—

- (a) to any land owned as a raigat by a local authority or any body or authority constituted or established by or under any law for the time being in force;
- (b) for such period as may be specified by the State

 Government, by notification in the Official Gazette,
 to any land in such hilly portion of the district of Darjeeling as may be specified in the sald neithention,
- (1) On the commencement of the provisions of land in this Chapter, any land owned by a raiyat in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him shall vest in the State free from all incumbrances. ceiling free from all incumbrances.

(2) Where any land vested in the State under sub-section (1) is being cultivated by a bargadar, the right of cultivation of such bargadar in relation to any such vested land which, including any other land owned or cultivated by him is in excess of 1.00 hectare, shall, on the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter, stand termi-

nated. (3) Every bargadar shall, in relation to the land which he is authorised by sub-section (2), to retain under his cultivation, become, on and from the date of commencement of the provisions of this Chanter, a raivat,

14T (1) Every raipat owning land in excess of the ceil- puty of ing area shall furnish to the Revenue Officer, in such furnish form and within such time as may be prescribed, a return require containing the fully description of the land which he says to receive within the ceiling area applicable to him proposes to retain within the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M and a full description of the land which is in excess of the ceiling area and such other particulars as may be prescribed

efore

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(Section 13.)

- (2) Where there are more raigats than one in a fami the return referred to in sub-section (1) shall be furnish by the head of the family or any other raigus in according with the provisions of that sub-section.
 - with the provisions of that sub-section

 (3) The Revenue Officer may, on receipt of a retasubmitted under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), or his own motion, determine the extent of land which to yest in the State under section 14S and take possion of such lands.
 - (4) If a raiyat fails to furnish, without any reasonal excuse, the return referred to in sub-section (1), or section (2), within the prescribed time or wilfully many omission or incorrect statement in such return, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to thousand rupees.

Restriction on transfer of land by a raiyat.

- 14U. (1) Except where he is permitted, in writing the Revenue Officer so to do a raiyat owning land excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M, shall not, after the publication, in the Officazette, of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendman Act, 1971, transfer, by sale, gift or otherwise or not any partition of any land owned by him or any part the of until the excess land, which is to vest in the sunder section 14S, has been determined and taken possion of by or on behalf of the State.
 - (2) If a raiyat makes any transfer, whether by sale, or otherwise, of any land in contravention of the unsions of sub-section (1), the State Government may, in first instance, take possession of land, equal in area the land which is to vest in the State, from out of land owned by such raiyat, and where such reconfrom the raiyat is not possible, from the transferee.

Provided that where the transferee is a person whe eligible for allotment of surplus land in accordance the provisions of this Act, the State Covernment with instead of enforcing its right to recover the land un equal amount of land, recover from the transfered amount which he had received as consideration for transfer of such land.

(3) Any raigut who transfers any land in contrave of the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishwith fine which may extend to two thousand rupes with imprisonment for a term which may extend to months, or with both,

XII of 1972.]

(Section 14.)

14V. The principles on which, and the manner in Compenses, which, compensation for the vesting of any land in the tion State under the provisions of this Chapter is to be determined and given shall be such as are specified in Chapter III of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953.

14W. (1) A raiyat who possesses, after the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter, any land in for use excess of the ceiling area shall be liable to pay to the pation. State Government, for the period for which he has possessed such land, such compensation for the use and occupation of such land as the Collector may fix in the prescribed

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- (2) Any sum payable by a raiyat as damages for use and occupation of any land shall be recoverable as & public demand. and.
- 14X. No Civil Court shall have jurisdiction to decide Bur of or deal with any question or to determine any matter jurisdic which is by or under this Chapter required to be decided civil or dealt with or to be determined by the Revenue Courts. Officer or other authority specified therein and no orders passed or proceedings commenced under the provisions of this Chapter shall be called in question in any Civil Court.

14Y. If any raiyat acquires any land, whether by transfer, inheritance or otherwise, after the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter, and such land, together with the land owned by him, exceeds the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M, the area of land which is in excess of such ceiling area shall vest in the State and all the provisions of this Chapter relating to ceiling on holding shall apply to such land.'.

Limitation on future acquisition of land,

14. After section 15 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

of new and section .

"Continuation 15A. (1) Notwithstanding anything con-of right of cul-tivation on bar-tained in any law for the time being in force gadar's death. or in any contract to the contrary, where a bargadar, cultivating any land, dies at a time when cultivation of such land by the bargadar was continuing, the cultivation of such land may be continued by the lawful heir of the bargadar or where there are more than one lawful heir, by such lawful heir of the bargadar as all the lawful heirs of the bargadar may determine within the prescribed period:

Provided that where the lawful heirs of the bargadar

omit or fail to make a determination as required

[West Ben. Act

(Section 15.)

by this sub-section, the officer or authority appoints ed under sub-section (1) of section 18 may no minate one of the lawful heirs of the bargadar, who is in a position to cultivate the land personally, to continue the cultivation thereof.

(2) The lawful heir of the bargadar who is determined or nominated for the cultivation of the land shall cultivate the land subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

(3) Where

- (a) no lawful heir of the bargadar is in a position to cultivate the land personally, or
- (4) the lawful helps of the bursadur fall to determine, within the prescribed period, the heir by whom the cultivation of the land will be continued and the officer or authority appointed under subsection (1) of section 18 also omits or fails to nominate, within the prescribed period, any lawful heir of the deceased bargadar for the continuation of the cultivation of the land, or
- (c) the person determined or nominated under subsection (1) omits or fails to take any steps, within the prescribed period, for the continuation of the cultivation of the land,

cultivation of the land may be continued by such person, whether an heir of the deceased bargadar or not, as may be nominated by the person whose land was cultivated by the deceased bargadar."

Amendment of motion 18.

15. In section 16 of the said Act,-

- (i) in clause (b) of sub-section (1), for the figures "60:40", the figures "75:25" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for sub-sections (2) and (3), the following subsections shall be substituted, namely:
 - "(2) The bargadar shall tender, within the prescribed period, to the person whose land he cultivates, the share of the produce due to such person in
 - (3) Where any share of produce tendered under sub; section (2) is accepted by the person whose land is cultivated by the hargadar, each party shall give to the other a receipt, in such form as may be prescribed, for the quantity of the produce received by him.

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(Section 15.)

- (4) If the person whose land is cultivated by the bargadar refuses to accept the share of the produce tendered to him by the bargadar, or to give a reacipt therefor, the bargadar may deposit, within the prescribed period, such share of the produce with such officer or authority as may be prescribed and such deposit shall discharge the bargadar from his obligation to deliver the share of the produce to the person whose land he cultivates:
- Provided that where the quantity of the produce deposited by the bargadar is lesser than the quantity of the produce due to the person whose land he cultivates, the obligation of the bargadar with regard to the delivery of the deficiency in relation to the produce shall continue.
- (5) Where a deposit referred to in sub-section (4) has been made, the prescribed officer or authority shall—
 - (a) give to the bargadar a receipt in such form as may be prescribed stating therein the quantity of the produce deposited by the bargadar and the particulars of the person for whom the produce has been deposited; and
 - (b) give intimation of such deposit, in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed, to the person for whom the produce has been deposited.
- (6) Where any produce is deposited under sub-section
 (4) and the person for whom the produce has been deposited does not take delivery of such produce within fifteen days from the date of service on him of the intimation of such deposit, the officer or authority referred to in sub-section (4) may sell such produce and deposit the proceeds of such sale, after deducting therefrom the cost of conducting the sale, in the treasury, in revenue deposit, to the credit of the person for whom the produce has been deposited and give intimation of such deposit to such person, in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(Section 16.)

- (7) The bargadar shall store or thresh the produce-
 - (a) at such place as may be agreed upon between him and the person whose land he cultivates, or
 - (b) where there is disagreement between them, at such place as may be fixed by him after glving notice, in writing, served in the prescribed manner, to the person whose land he cultivates:
 - Provided that the person whose land is cultivated by the bargadar may, at any time during the storage or threshing of the produce, enter the place where the produce has been stored or is being threshed for the purpose of inspecting the storage or threshing, as the case may be, of the produce."

Amendment of

- 16. In section 17 of the said Act,-
- (i) in sub-section (1)
 - (a) in clause (a), the words "or has neglected to cultivate it properly" shall be omitted;
 - (b) for clause (c), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(c) that the bargadar has failed to tender or deposit,
 to the full extent the share of the produce as
 required by sub-section (2), or sub-section (4);
 as the case may be, of section 16;
 - Provided that no order for the termination of cultivation, made on the ground specified in this clause,
 shall be given effect to if the bargadar delivers
 to the person, whose land he cultivates, the
 share of the produce due to such person, or
 pays to him the market price thereof, within
 such time and in such instalments as the
 officer or authority making the order may,
 having regard to all the circumstances of the
 case, specify in this behalf.";
 - (c) for the proviso to clause (d), the following provisos shall be substituted, namely:
 - "Provided that the person owning the land shall be entitled to terminate cultivation by a bargadar of only so much of land as, together with any other land in the personal cultivation of such person, does not exceed 3.00 hectares;
 - Provided further that such person shall not be entitled to so terminate cultivation by a bargadar as to reduce the aggregate area of the land cultivated by the bargadar to less than 1.00 hectare.

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(Sections 17, 18.)

- in all in . . . Explanation. In determining the areas specified in the Integraling prayleds no treas specimed in the fatter the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) 'Act, 1970, shall be taken into account?" be taken into account.".
- (ii) in sub-sections (4) and (5), for the words "twenty-five acres", wherever they occur, the figures and word "6.00 hectares" shall be substituted;
 - (iii) after sub-section (5), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely: c
 - "(6) Where any land cultivated by a bargadar is in excess of the limit specified in sub-section (4), the person whose land is cultivated by such bargadar shall, if the excess land is within the ceiling area applicable to such person in accordance with the provisions of Chapter II-B, have the land cultivated by any person referred to in section 49 who is willing to cultivate the said land as a bargadar.",
- 17. In section 18 of the said Act,

ment of section 18

- (i) in sub-section (1), clause (c) shall be omitted;
- (ii) sub-section (2B) shall be omitted.
- 18. In section 19 of the said Act,-

. Amend.

- (a) in sub-section (1), for the word "Munsif", wherever it section 19. occurs, the words "Sub-Divisional Officer" shall be
- (b) after sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely:
- (2A) Every appeal pending before any Munsif at the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amondment) Act, 1970, shall, on such commencement, stand transferred to, and be disposed of by the Sub-Divisional Officer having invision in relation to the area in which the jurisdiction in relation to the area in which the land is situated and on such transfer every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transfer and shall be discount of in it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

[West Ben. Act

(Section 19.).

- (2B) The Subdivisional Officer may transfer any appeal, whether transferred to, or filed before, him, for disposal to any officer not below the rank of a Sub-Deputy Collector, subordinate to him, but senior in rank and position to the officer or authority against whose order the appeal has been preferred and every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.";
- (c) in sub-sections (3) and (4), for the word "Munsif", the words "Sub-Divisional Officer or other officer" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new sections 20A and 20B.

19. (1) After section 20 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"Setting aside of order for tained in any law for the time being in termination of force, where, before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms."

(Amendment) Act, 1969, an order for the termination of cultivation of any land by a bargadar Act 1 1909, had been made under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 18 but such order has not been given of section 18 but such order has not been given effect to (whether by reason of the operation of any law or otherwise), before the commencement of the Word Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1970, then, such order shall, on such commence Act 1970, then, such order shall, on such commence whom such order was made shall, after giving notice whom such order was made shall, after giving notice to the parties concerned, decide the dispute in accordance with the provisions of section 17 as amended by the West Bengul Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972."

(2) After section 20A of the said Act as so inserted, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

"Surrender or 20B. (1) If a bargadar—abandonment by baryadar.

- (a) surrenders his right to cultivate in relation to any land cultivated by him as a bargadar, or
- (b) yoluntarily abandons cultivation of such land, the person, whose land was cultivated by the bargadar, may give information in writing of such surrender or abandonment to the officer or authority appointed under sub-section (1) of section 18, having jurisdiction in the garea in which such land is situated.

Turk und

- (Sections 20—22.)
 (2) On receipt of such information, such officer or authoerity shall issue a notice, in the prescribed form, to the bargadar, and after giving the bargadan and the person whose land was cultivated by the bargadar, an opportunity of being heard and making such inquiries as he or it may deem necessary, determine whether the bargadar had voluntarily surrendered or abundoned his right of cultivation in relation to such land.
- (3) If such officer or authority cetermines that the bargadar had not voluntarily surrendered or abandoned the cultivation of the land which was being cultivated by him as such and that he had been compelled by force or otherwise to surrender or abandon the cultivation of such land, such officer or authority shall restore the bargadar to the cultivation of the land, or where the bargadar is not available or is not willing to be restored to the cultivation of such land, the person whose land was so cultivated shall not resume personal cultivation of the land but he may, with the permission of such officer or authority, get the land cultivated by any person, referred to in section 49, who is willing to cultivate the land as
 - (4) If such officer or authority determines that the burgadar had vo'u starily surrendered or abandoned the cultivation of the land which was cultivated by him as such, the person whose land was being so cultivated shall not resume personal cultivation of such land but he may, with the permission of such officer or authority, have the land cultivated by any person, referred to in section 49, who is willing to cultivate the land as a bargadar.
- (5) Any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) shall be an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine Which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both?
- 20. In section 21 of the said Act, in sub-section (1), the Amendament of words "Save as provided in section 19" shall be omitted. Section 21.
- 21. In section 43 of the said Act, in sub-section (3), for Amend, the words "exceeds twenty-five acres so long as he continues mont of 10 be a member of the society", the words, figures and letter society is to be a member of the society", the words, figures and letter rection to be a member of the society", the words, figures and letter rection to the exceeds the ceiling area applicable to him under Chapter.

 Let II-B" shall be substituted.

 Amend the example of the society", the figures and word of 00 ment of the example of the example

(ii) after the proviso, the following proviso shall inserted, namely:—

inscreed, namely:—

"Provided further that settlement of any such laids may be made with other persons where such settlement is, in the opinion of the State Government, necessis, in the public purpose connected with agriculture is, in such tenns and connected with agriculture is, in such tenns and connected with agriculture is, in such tenns and connected with agriculture is, in such such tenns think fit."

Government may think fit.

Annead the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words, figures and letter a Special Judge appointed under the words are the special special

be substituted, namely:-

the Additional District Magistrate of the district in which the land is situated pending before a Special High provided that every appeal pending before a Special High provided that every appeal pending before a Special High provided that every appeal pending before a Special High provided that every appeal pending before a Special High provided that the commencement of section 19 of the West Bengal Land Beform of section 19 of the West Bengal stituted, namely:—

ne Additional District Magistrate of the district in the land is situated, the land before a Special Hidex of section 19 of the West Bengal Land Reforms by Amendment Act 1971, shall, on such commence as (Amendment) Act 1971, shall, on such commence as (Amendment) Act 1971, shall, on such transfer and on such transfer. Additional District Magistrate and on such transfer at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as a mended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972."

of section

shall be After section 53 of the said Act, the following rection inserted, numery:

Importion of now position 530.

shall be inserted, namely:—

53A. Notwithstanding anything contain, revenue of elsewhere in this Act or in any law for one-greater the time being in force, the Revenue Officer of the party the time being in force, the Revenue Officer party in all having sunsdiction in the area in which party to all suits of a civil nature relating to any parties to the suit is a member of any Scheduled such land or portion thereof in which one of the party is and the other party is any scheduled. Tribe and the other party is any a member of any Scheduled such large of the said Act shall be re-numbered and the other party is any a member of any scheduled and such section (1) thereof, and—

26. Section 54 of the said Act shall be re-numbered clause (c) and the proviso thereo shall be comitted:

(i) in sub-section (1) as so re-numbered clause (c) and the proviso there is shall be comitted: